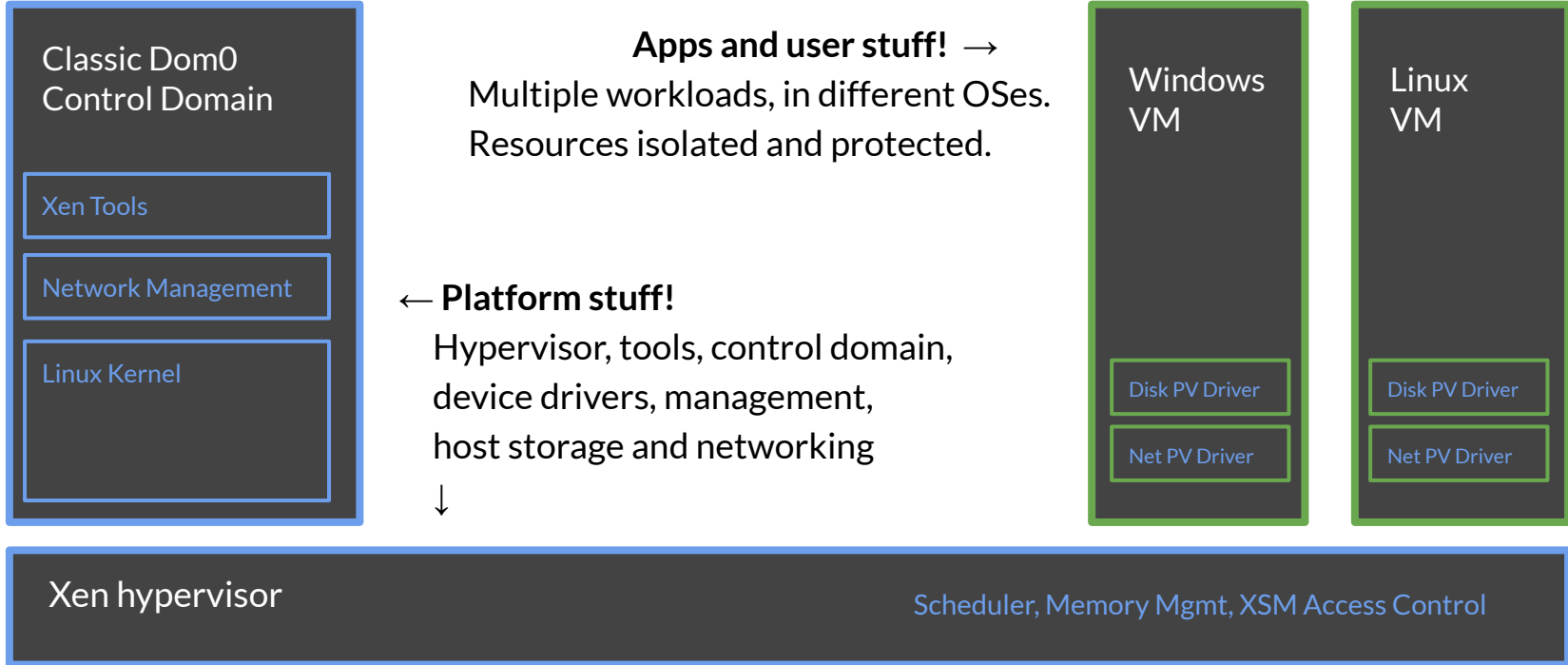




Xen Hypervisor

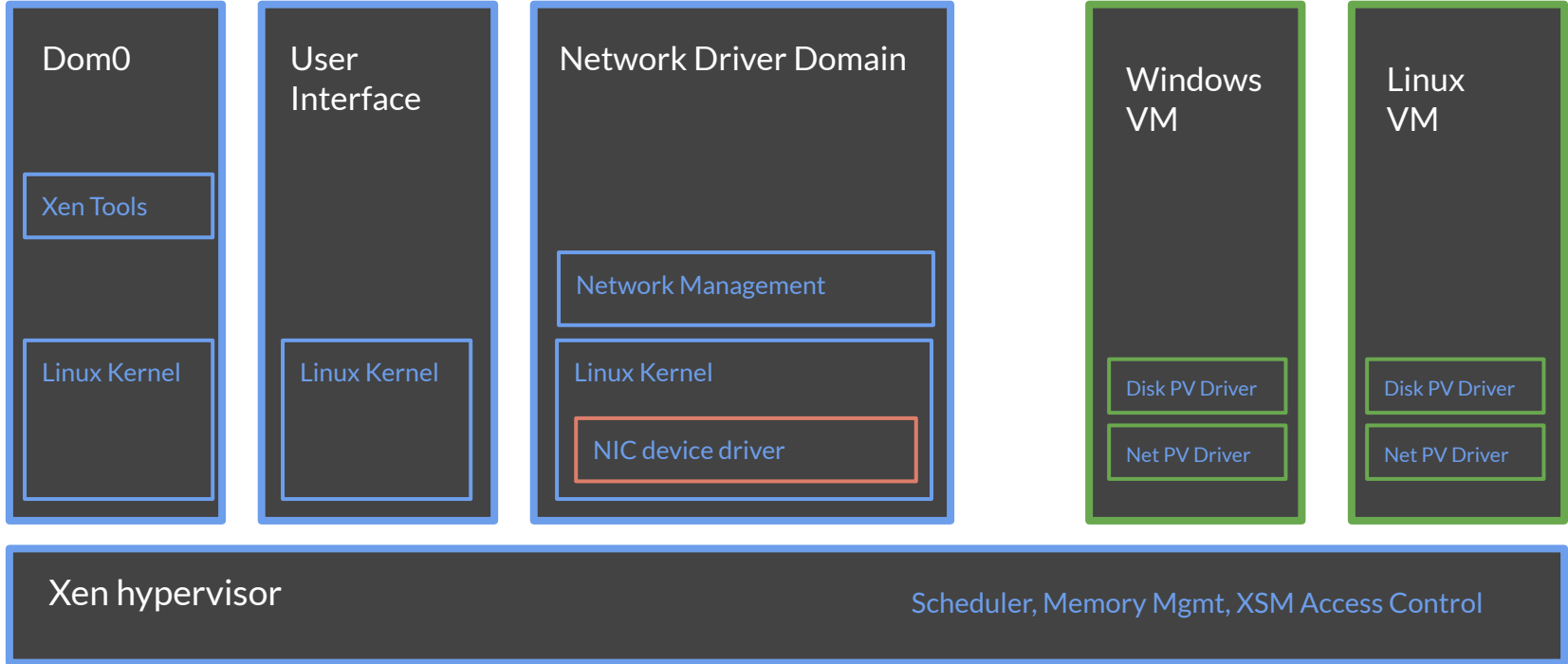
Xen Hypervisor: A brief look

Powerful. Flexible. Open.

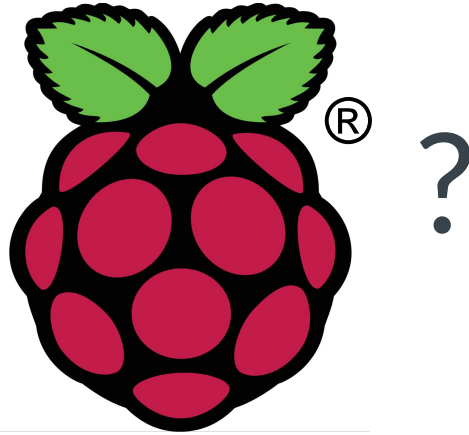


Xen Hypervisor: A brief look

Powerful. Flexible. Open.



Yes, but can I run it on my



hmm, let's see about that...

Bitbaking Xen for the Raspberry Pi 4

Our **essential basic ingredients** are in layers:

- Xen support is in **meta-virtualization** ([source](#), [list](#))
- Raspberry Pi 4 support is in **meta-raspberrypi** ([source](#))
- We'll use **poky** with **meta-openembedded**

Add in a *fresh zesty sprinkle* of:

- a **brand-new Xen-on-Raspberry Pi 4** [patch series for meta-virtualization](#)

... along with some **classic Yocto spiciness**:

- configure your local.conf:

```
MACHINE="raspberrypi4-64"  
DISTRO_FEATURES_append = " virtualization xen";  
QEMU_TARGETS = "i386 x86_64 aarch64 arm"
```

"Bake!": **bitbake xen-image-minimal** → SD-card image!

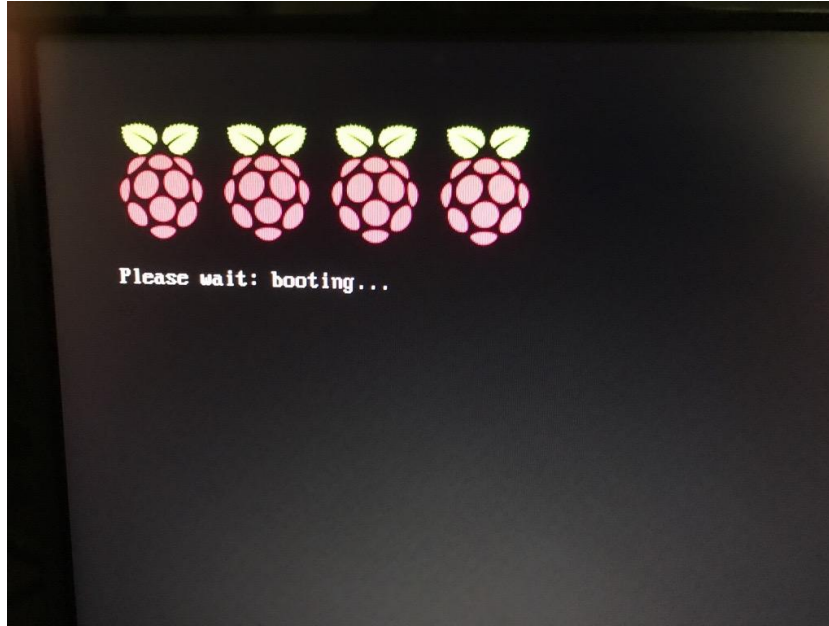
Xen for the Raspberry Pi 4 : SD-card

The card image contains two partitions:

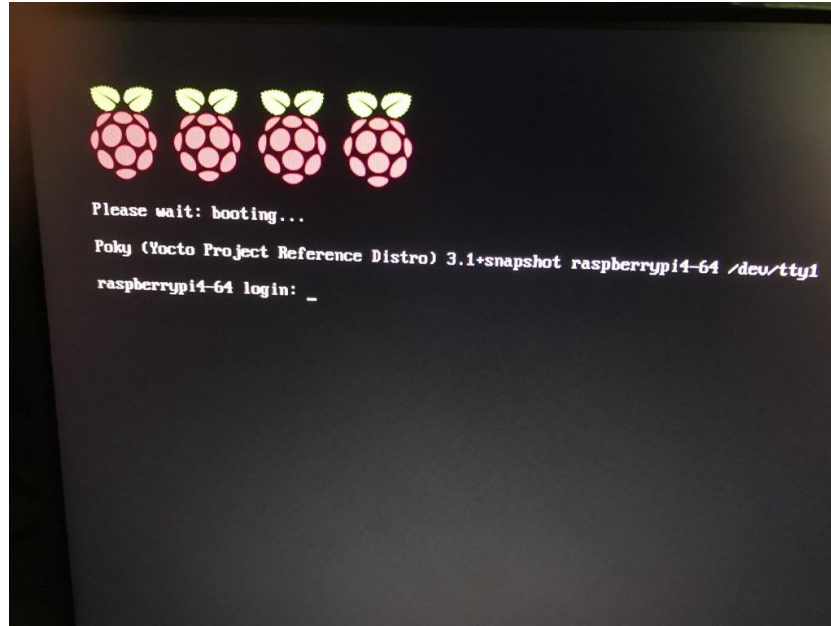
- **boot**, which includes:
 - xen : hypervisor binary
 - Image : Linux kernel binary
 - bcm2711-rpi-4-b.dtb : Device tree for the Raspberry Pi 4
 - overlays : Device tree overlays
 - boot.scr : Xen-specific u-boot launch script
 - config.txt : Raspberry Pi configuration settings
 - ...
- **root** filesystem for Domain 0
 - poky Linux filesystem
 - contains the familiar Xen tools
 - *does not contain* the hypervisor or the dom0 Linux kernel

Xen Hypervisor on Raspberry Pi 4

Insert the SD card, fire up the power, ... stand well back...




Xen Hypervisor on Raspberry Pi 4



Hooray!

Xen Hypervisor on Raspberry Pi 4

```


Please wait: booting...
Poky (Yocto Project Reference Distro) 3.1+snapshot raspberrypi4-64 /dev/tty1
raspberrypi4-64 login: root
root@raspberrypi4-64:~# xl list
Name
Domain-0
root@raspberrypi4-64:~#

```

Name	ID	Mem	VCPU(s)	State	Time(s)
Domain-0	0	256	4	r-----	66.2

```

root@raspberrypi4-64:~# _

```

ok, proof that it is actually there and working

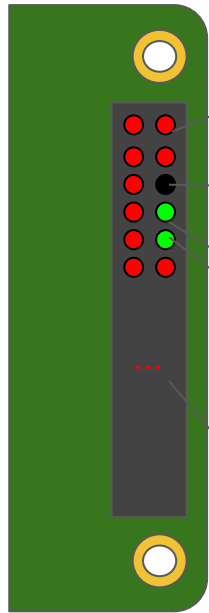
Xen Hypervisor on Raspberry Pi 4: serial



To obtain for yourself a luxury device such as this, the terms you can use to proceed are: “pi2303hx USB serial”

Xen Hypervisor on Raspberry Pi 4: serial

OK - time to wire it up! There are three wires to connect:



Pins indicated red here: *nope, do not need those for this.*

This one: **good**, you want it: that's **ground**: connect it to the black single wire on the USB serial thing

These two: **also good: RX and TX**

There's probably some way to get them the right way around, but: **don't use the red wire** off the USB thing, and then you can just try the other two either way and one way will work: **bingo!**

there are loads more pins down here too,
I just didn't draw them all

Xen Hypervisor on Raspberry Pi 4: serial

On a nearby machine with the USB serial device plugged in: `minicom /dev/ttyUSB3`

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
3.532282] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.538969] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.545654] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.552317] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.558997] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.565672] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.572337] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.579095] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.585708] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.592386] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.599095] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.605744] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.612396] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.619110] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.625720] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.632380] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.639018] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.645703] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.652358] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.659070] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.665710] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.672381] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.679077] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.685731] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.692392] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.699090] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.705750] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unknown main item tag 0x0
3.712412] hid-generic 0003:05C7:2012.0002: unbalanced collection at end of report description
3.721303] hid-generic: probe of 0003:05C7:2012.0002 failed with error -22
3.807138] usb 1-1.4: new Low-speed USB device number 4 using xhci_hcd
3.918694] usb 1-1.4: New USB device found, idVendor=0461, idProduct=4e22, bcdDevice= 1.00
3.926487] usb 1-1.4: New USB device strings: Mfr=1, Product=2, SerialNumber=0
3.933952] usb 1-1.4: Product: USB Optical Mouse
3.938766] usb 1-1.4: Manufacturer: PixArt
3.951148] input: PixArt USB Optical Mouse as /devices/platform/scb/fd500000.pcie/pci0000:00/0000:00:00.0/0000:01:01
3.966844] hid-generic 0003:0461:4E22.0003: input,hidraw1: USB HID v1.11 Mouse [PixArt USB Optical Mouse] on usb-000
4.026945] EXT4-fs (mmcblk0p2): re-mounted. Opts: (null)
Fri Mar 9 12:34:56 UTC 2018
CTRL-A Z for help | 115288 8N1 | NOR | Minicom 2.7 | VT102 | Offline | ttyUSB3
```

Xen for the Raspberry Pi 4 : simple Xen commands

Testing basic Xen functionality at the console:

- `xl list` - list running VMs
- `xl info` - show data about the current hypervisor
- `ls -l /dev/xen` - examine Linux's Xen device nodes
- `xenstore-ls` - read the contents of the XenStore tree
- `dmesg | grep Xen` - see the Linux kernel messages relating to Xen
- `xl dmesg` - see the Xen boot messages

All these should be familiar if you've used Xen on other systems - and now available on the Raspberry Pi 4!

Xen for the Raspberry Pi 4 : building a guest VM

Let's boot Yocto Linux inside Yocto Linux! First, build the guest filesystem image:

- **bitbake xen-guest-image-minimal**

Install the pieces needed to run a guest into the running Domain-0 of the Pi:

- Copy in the built **guest filesystem** in a file:
 - `.../work/raspberrypi4_64-poky-linux/xen-guest-image-minimal/*/deploy-xen-guest-image-minimal-image-complete/xen-guest-image-minimal-raspberrypi4-64.ext3`
 - `to: /home/root/xen-guest-image-minimal-raspberrypi4-64.ext3`
- Copy in the **guest kernel** file: Image
 - `.../work/raspberrypi4_64-poky-linux/linux-raspberrypi/*/deploy-linux-raspberrypi/Image`
 - `to: /home/root/Image`
- Create a new file: **guest.cfg**
 - ```
kernel = "/home/root/Image"
cmdline = "console=hvc0 earlyprintk=xen sync_console root=/dev/xvda"
memory = "256"
name = "rpi4-xen-guest"
vcpus = 1
serial="pty"
disk = ['phy:/dev/loop0,xvda,w']
vif=['mac=00:11:22:66:88:22,bridge=xenbr0,type=netfront',]
```

# Xen for the Raspberry Pi 4 : prepare for a guest VM

Networking - so the guest can get its own network access:

- Create a bridge and move the eth0 physical device onto it:
  - `killall -SIGUSR2 udhcpc` # release your existing DHCP lease
  - `brctl addbr xenbr0` # create a new bridge called "xenbr0"
  - `brctl addif xenbr0 eth0` # put eth0 onto xenbr0
  - `killall udhcpc` # terminate the DHCP client daemon
  - `udhcpc -R -b -p /var/run/udhcpc.xenbr0.pid -i xenbr0` # restart the DHCP client daemon on the new bridge

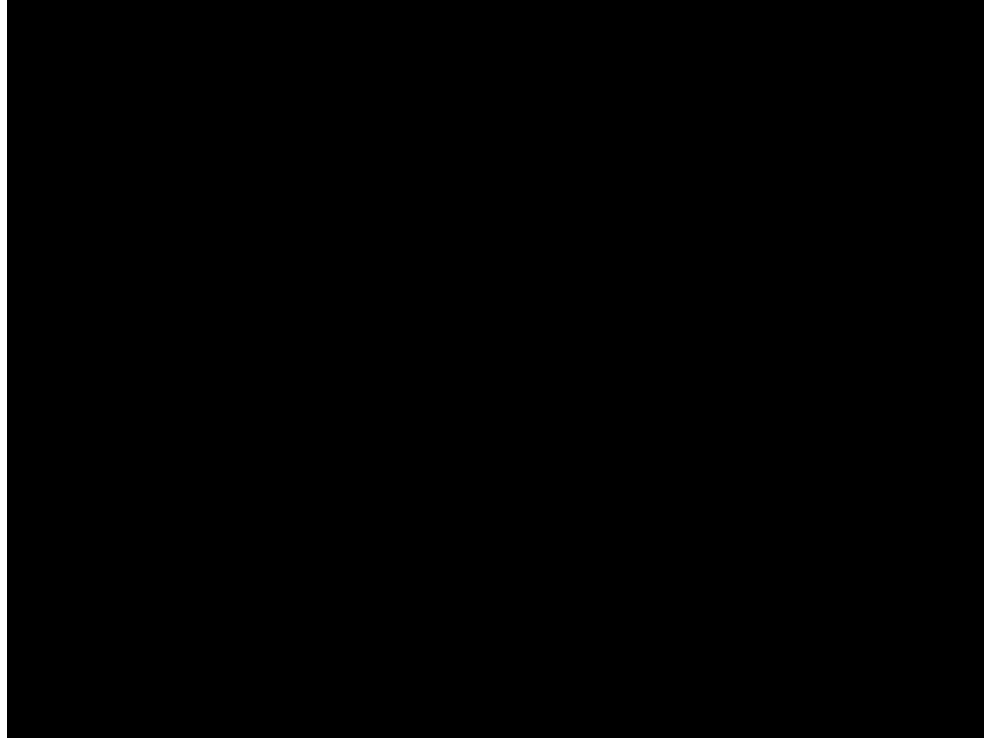
Disk:

- Loopback mount the ext3 guest filesystem file to make it available as a device
  - `losetup /dev/loop0 /home/root/xen-guest-image-minimal-raspberrypi4-64.ext3`



# Xen for the Raspberry Pi 4 : running a guest VM

```
xl create -c guest.cfg
```



# Xen for the Raspberry Pi 4 : the current patch series

OK, so what's in this new meta-virtualization patch series to make this work?

- A new “dynamic layer” for *settings that are specific to Xen-on-Raspberry-Pi-4*
  - A series of Linux kernel patches: DMA fixes from the Xen ARM maintainer
  - Enabling the Yocto kernel cache with the Raspberry Pi kernel to build with meta-virtualization
  - Enabling the hardware interrupt controller that Xen needs in the rpi-config
  - Custom Xen-specific bootloader script:
    - Loads the Xen hypervisor binary
    - Loads the Linux kernel
    - Amends the device tree, that the Raspberry Pi has already processed before u-boot
    - Sets the Dom0 kernel command line, to include Xen config settings eg. for the console
  - A Xen hypervisor “defconfig”, with settings specific for the Raspberry Pi 4 hardware
  - A Xen-specific SD-card class, to include the Xen binary on the first partition of the image
- A new ARM assembly Xen patch to implement an atomic primitive for spinlocks with the latest gcc in Yocto
- Xen version upgrade to 4.13 (and 4.14 should be coming soon)
- A new method of engaging Xen-specific config settings when DISTRO\_FEATURES includes ‘xen’

# Xen in meta-virtualization: beyond the Pi!

Other example platforms for running Xen with Yocto, using meta-virtualization:

- **Intel x86-64:** ubiquitous!
  - meta-virtualization has wic tool integration
    - enables simple production of a bootable image:
      - `wic create directdisk-xen -e xen-image-minimal`
      - dd the output file to your hard disk and boot it!
- **PCEngines APU2:** low power, low cost (~\$100), very open hardware
  - open hardware schematics, has coreboot support
  - add `meta-pcengines` and set `MACHINE = "pcengines-apu2"`  
then use the wic image - dd it to a drive and boot into Xen
  - hardware supports D-RTM - that's a big deal: see the OpenXT community for more!
- **runqemu !**
  - `runqemu xen-image-minimal nographic slirp`
    - launch Xen at your command prompt!
      - nb: is currently pretty experimental - has worked with `MACHINE = "genericx86-64"`; may need some work.

# Thanks

- Xen Community
  - for the Xen hypervisor and Linux kernel work to make this possible
    - Stefano Stabellini @ Xilinx, Julien Grall @ Amazon
  - for the interest in the Raspberry Pi 4
    - Roman Shaposhnik @ Eve Project, Zededa
  - hey! See you at the [Xen Design and Developer Summit](#) next week!
- Yocto and OpenEmbedded meta-virtualization Community
  - for the first Xen on Raspberry Pi 4 meta-virtualization patch submissions
    - Corey Minyard @ MontaVista, Stewart Hildebrand @ DornerWorks
  - for the support for bringing Xen work in, in a maintainable way
    - Bruce Ashfield @ Xilinx, Bertrand Marquis @ ARM
  - for this talk opportunity!
    - Tim Orling @ Yocto Project, Intel, David Reyna @ Wind River
- OpenXT Community
  - for supporting my involvement with Xen and OpenEmbedded
- Raspberry Pi Community
  - for developing and promoting accessible hardware with Open Source software